

A free software finite element program for three-dimensional thermomechanical calculations

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- Element types
  - Quadratic bricks, tets, wedges
  - Linear bricks, tets wedges
  - Springs, dashpots
  - 2d-elements: plane stress/strain, axisymmetric elements and shells
  - 1d-elements: beams and trusses

- Materials
  - Linear elastic (isotropic, orthotropic, anisotropic)
  - Hyperelastic
  - Isotropic Plasticity
  - Isotropic Creep
  - Single crystal plasticity and creep
  - Tension-only and compression-only materials
  - Material dependence of all properties

- Boundary conditions
  - Single point constraints
  - Multiple point constraints
  - Nonlinear equations
  - Rigid body motion

- Loading
  - Point loads
  - Distributed surface load
  - Centrifugal loading
  - Gravity loading
  - Distributing coupling



beamp.frd

#### Displacements in a cantilever beam



Axial stress in a cantilever beam



Von Mises stress in a cantilever beam

- Eigenmodes (animation in CalculiX GraphiX)
- Eigenfrequencies
- Storage of stiffness and mass matrix for further use
- Modal dynamic analysis (time domain)
- Steady state dynamics analysis (frequency domain)
- Participation factors



beamf.frd

#### First bending mode in a cantilever beam



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#### Second bending mode in a cantilever beam



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#### First torsional mode in a cantilever beam



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#### Third bending mode in a cantilever beam

# Cyclic Symmetry

- Propagating modes
- Forward and backward modes
- Calculation of amplitude and phase
- Selection of appropriate nodal diameters

## **Cyclic Symmetry**



Displacement amplitude of a mode with nodal diameter 1

## Cyclic Symmetry



Displacement in x of a mode with nodal diameter 2



- Penalty contact
  - Node-to-face
  - face-to-face
- Mortar contact
- Contact stresses and relative displacements
- Several pressure-overclosure relationships
- Contact forces

#### Contact



Contact pressure in between two bodies

## **Thermal analysis**

- Conduction, convection and radiation
- Convection with fluid networks
- Cavity radiation
- Gap conductance
- Can be coupled with structural calculations: thermo-mechanical analyses
- Can be coupled with fluid networks: aerothermal analyses

#### Thermal analysis



furnace.frd

Mesh of furnace (radiation and convection with a thermal network)

#### Thermal analysis



#### Transient temperature calculation of a furnace (bottom plate at 1000 °C)

## Fluid networks

- Compressible (gas) and incompressible (water) networks
- Unknowns: temperature, pressure and mass flow (incompressible), total temperature, total pressure and mass flow (compressible)
- Many network elements available:
  - Pipe, valve, contraction... (incompressible)
  - Gas pipe, orifice, seals, vortex, labyrinth....

#### Fluid networks



# **Sensitivity Analysis**

- Several objective functions (mass, internal energy, von Mises stress, displacements, thickness, frequencies, Green functions)
- Several design variables (displacements, material orientations)
- Adjoint implementation (takes marginally longer than a usual static or frequency calculation)
- Can be used for optimization and stochastics

## **Sensitivity Analysis**



sens\_freq\_disp\_cyc.frd

#### Sensitivity of the first torsional mode for a nodal diameter 1

## **Rotor Dynamics**

- Calculation of eigenmodes taking Coriolis into account
- Solution is calculated as a linear combination of the eigenmodes without coriolis
- Eigenvalues are real, eigenmodes are complex (propagating waves)

# **Rotor Dynamics**



rotor.frd

#### Rotating bending mode in a Laval rotor

# **Implicit Dynamics**

- Integration of equation of motion
- Alpha-Method
- Dynamic contact available
- Some forms of damping allowed
- Extension to explicit dynamics is worked on

#### **Implicit Dynamics**



Impact of ball on beam

### **Implicit Dynamics**



Comparison of numerical values for vertical displacement in P2 with experimental evidence

- Finite volume method
- Compressible and incompressible flow
- Unstructured meshes
- Velocity, pressure and temperature as independent variables
- Highly parallelized
- Turbulence models in preparation



Lid-driven cavity (incompressible flow)



Von Karman vortex street (incompressible flow)



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Hypersonic inviscid compressible flow



agard05msvis.frd

Hypersonic viscous flow about a NACA profile

# **Fields of operation**

- Fracture mechanics analyses (automatic crack propagaton)
- Production-related part-by-part analyses
- Optimization using vortex morphing
- Statistical analyses



#### Thank you for your attention!